BEFORE THE DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS STATE OF CALIFORNIA

In the Matter of the Accusation Against:	
JAMES KEITH BURGARD, M.D. Certificate No. C-34368	No. D-5024
Respondent.	

DECISION

The attached Stipulation, Waiver and Order Thereon is hereby adopted by the Division of Medical Quality as its Decision in the above-entitled matter.

This Decision shall become effective on <u>January 28, 1994</u>.

IT IS OR ORDERED <u>December 28, 1993</u>.

Bv:

HERESA L. CLAASSEN

Secretary

Division of Medical Quality

1 2 3 4	DANIEL E. LUNGREN, Attorney General of the State of California ALFREDO TERRAZAS Deputy Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 6200 San Francisco, California 94102-3658 Telephone: (415) 703-1971
5	Attorneys for Complainant
6	
7	BEFORE THE
8	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA
9	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation) No. D-5024
12	Against:
13	JAMES KEITH BURGARD, M.D. STIPULATION, 714 Vista Del Mar WAIVER
14	Aptos, California 95003) AND ORDER THEREON Physician's and Surgeon's
15	Certificate No. C-34368
16	Respondent.
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19	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED AND AGREED by and between the
20	parties to the above entitled matter as follows:
21	1. At the time of executing and filing the accusation
22	in the above matter, complainant, Kenneth J. Wagstaff, was the
23	Executive Director of the Medical Board of California, State of
24	California (hereinafter the "Board") and performed said acts
25	solely in his official capacity as such.
26	2. Dixon Arnett is now the Executive Director of the
27	Board and is represented herein by Daniel E. Lungren, Attorney

General of the State of California, by Alfredo Terrazas, Deputy Attorney General.

- 3. James Keith Burgard, M.D. (hereinafter "respondent"), has retained Marvin Firestone, M.D., Esq., as his attorney and has also carefully read and scrutinized the provisions contained in this stipulation and fully understands the provisions contained in this stipulation and their effect.
- 4. Respondent has received and read the accusation which is presently on file and pending in case number D-5024 before the Division of Medical Quality of the Medical Board of California (hereinafter the "Division"). A true and accurate copy of said accusation number D-5024 is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 5. Respondent understands the nature of the charges alleged in the above mentioned accusation and that said charges and allegations would constitute cause for imposing discipline upon the respondent's physician's and surgeon's certificate heretofore issued by the board.
- 6. Respondent is aware of and has had explained to him by his own counsel each of respondent's rights, including the right to a hearing on the charges and allegations; respondent's right to confront and cross-examine witnesses who would testify against him; respondent's right to present evidence in his favor or to call witnesses in his behalf, or to so testify himself; respondent's right to contest the charges and allegations and any other rights which may be accorded him pursuant to the California Administrative Procedure Act (Gov. Code, \$11500 et seq.); his

right to reconsideration, appeal to superior court and to any other or further appeal. Respondent understands that in signing this stipulation rather than contesting the accusations, he is enabling the Division to impose disciplinary action upon his license without further process.

- 7. All admissions of fact and conclusions of law contained in this Stipulation are made exclusively for this proceeding and any future proceedings between the Board and the respondent and shall not be deemed to be admissions for any purpose in any other administrative, civil or criminal action, forum or proceeding.
- 8. That the respondent's license history and status as set forth at paragraph 2 of the Accusation are true and correct and that the respondent's address of record is as set forth in the caption of this Stipulation and Waiver.
- 9. For purposes of the settlement of the action pending against respondent in case No. D-5024 and to avoid a lengthy administrative hearing that would impose severe physical and economic hardship upon respondent, respondent admits that there may be a basis for the imposition of discipline pursuant to the allegations of the First, Second, and Third Causes for Disciplinary Action regarding his convictions for having violated California Vehicle Code section 23152 (Unlawfully driving a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol) and patient S.Y. Regarding the allegations of the Fourth, Fifth and Sixth Causes for Disciplinary Action, respondent neither admits nor denies the factual allegations contained therein relative to patients K.S.,

J.A., and M.H., respectively. The allegations contained in the various Causes for Disciplinary Action of said Accusation relating to the patients listed hereinabove are as more specifically set forth as follows:

- A) In diagnosing, caring for and treating patient S.Y., identified in the Third Cause for Disciplinary Action, respondent erroneously performed a bilateral tubal ligation on the patient when she was only scheduled for a dilatation and curettage;
- B) In diagnosing, caring for and treating patient K.S., identified in the Fourth Cause for Disciplinary Action, respondent placed a suture through the patient's colon during surgery which perforated the colon and necessitated subsequent emergency exploratory surgery and a diverting colostomy and Hartmann's pouch.
- J. A. and M. H., identified in the Fourth and Fifth Causes for Disciplinary Action, respectively, respondent failed to note that the fetal monitor tracings were profoundly abnormal and indicated severe progressive fetal distress. Further, respondent failed to recognize that the implications of the monitor tracing patterns required immediate intervention and that due to respondent's failure to act in a timely fashion, both patients delivered infants that, because of complications attributed to respondent's failure to act in a timely fashion, died with 48 hours of delivery.

D) Respondent's conduct as alleged above in subparagraphs A, B and C hereinabove, may constitute gross negligence and/or repeated negligent acts and/or incompetence which may demonstrate general unprofessional conduct pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 2234 subsections (b), (c) and (d).

- 10. Respondent stipulates and agrees that he is fully aware of the identity of each of the patients alleged in the accusation.
- 11. Based upon all of the foregoing admissions, stipulations, and recitals it is stipulated and agreed that the Division may issue a decision upon this stipulation whereby:

Physician's and surgeon's certificate number C34368 heretofore issued to respondent James Keith
Burgard, M.D., is hereby revoked, provided, however,
that said revocation is stayed and respondent is placed
on probation for a period of five (5) years on the
following terms and conditions:

SPECIFIC TERMS OF PROBATION

(A) Actual Suspension

As part of probation, respondent is suspended from the practice of medicine for 30 days beginning the effective date of this decision.

(B) Drugs and Abstain from Use

Respondent shall abstain completely from the personal use or possession of controlled substances as defined in the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, and dangerous

drugs as defined by Section 4211 of the Business and Professions Code, or any drugs requiring a prescription.

(C) Drugs--Exception from Personal Illness

Orders forbidding respondent from personal use or possession of controlled substances or dangerous drugs do no apply to medications lawfully prescribed to respondent for a bona fide illness or condition by another practitioner.

(D) Alcohol--Abstain from Use

Respondent shall abstain completely from the use of alcoholic beverages.

(E) Biological Fluid Testing

Respondent shall immediately submit to biological fluid testing, at respondent's cost, upon the request of the Division or its designee.

(F) Diversion Program

Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, respondent shall voluntarily make himself available for evaluation by the Division's Diversion Program. Since respondent has been and continues to be in an alcohol recovery program dating back to early 1990 under the care and treatment of David L. Breithaupt, M.D., including participation at the O'Connor Recovery Center, and since it appears that respondent has not abused other drugs, has not relapsed, has endured great physical and emotional stresses due to his deteriorating physical condition and because he authorized Dr. Breithaupt to provide the medical board with evaluations of respondent's progress every two months for the first full year of his recovery program,

respondent hereby agrees that if after such evaluation by the Division's Diversion Program it is considered that any alternative and/or additional rehabilitation is necessary, such recommendations shall be made to respondent's present recovery program director, David L. Breithaupt, M.D., and shall be incorporated as part of respondent's recovery and sobriety program with Dr. Breithaupt.

Respondent agrees to abide by any and all of the recommedations made by the Division's Diversion Program to Dr. Breithaupt regarding respondent's care and treatment and further agrees that the Division or its designee may contact Dr. Breithaupt to monitor respondent's progress. Quitting Dr. Breithaupt's recovery program without permission or being expelled for cause shall constitute a violation of probation by respondent.

(G) Psychiatric Evaluation

Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, and on a periodic basis thereafter as may be required by the Division or its designee, respondent shall undergo a psychiatric evaluation (and psychological testing, if deemed necessary) by a Division-appointed psychiatrist who shall furnish a psychiatric report to the Division or its designee.

If respondent is required by the Division or its designee to undergo psychiatric treatment, respondent shall within 30 days of the requirement notice submit to the Division for its prior approval the name and qualifications of a psychiatrist of respondent's choice. Upon approval of the

treating psychiatrist, respondent shall undergo and continue psychiatric treatment until further notice from the Division.

Respondent shall have the treating psychiatrist submit quarterly status reports to the Division.

(H) Psychotherapy

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Within 60 days of the effective date of this decision, respondent shall submit to the Division for its prior approval the name and qualifications of a psychotherapist of respondent's choice. Upon approval, respondent shall undergo and continue treatment until the Division deems that no further psychotherapy is necessary. Respondent shall have the treating psychotherapist submit quarterly status reports to the Division. The Division may require respondent to undergo psychiatric evaluations by a Division appointed psychiatrist.

(I) Medical Evaluation

Within 30 days of the effective date of this decision, and on a periodic basis thereafter as may be required by the Division or its designee, respondent shall undergo a medical evaluation by a Division-appointed physician who shall furnish a medical report to the Division or its designee.

If respondent is required by the Division or its designee to undergo medical treatment, respondent shall within 30 days of the requirement notice submit to the Division for its prior approval the name and qualifications of a physician of respondent's choice. Upon approval of the treating physician, respondent shall undergo and continue medical treatment until further notice from the Division. Respondent shall have the

1	treating physician submit quarterly status reports to the
2	Division.
3	(J) Prohibited Practice
4	During probation, respondent is prohibited from
5	practicing Obstetrics and/or Gynecology or any surgical
6	procedures.
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8	STANDARD CONDITIONS OF PROBATION
9	(K) Obey All Laws
10	Respondent shall obey all federal, state and local
11	laws, and all rules governing the practice of medicine in
12	California.
13	(L) Quarterly Reports
14	Respondent shall submit quarterly declarations
15	under penalty of perjury on forms provided by the Division,
16	stating whether there has been compliance with all the conditions
17	of probation.
18	(M) Surveillance Program
19	Respondent shall comply with the Division's
20	probation surveillance program.
21	(N) Interview With Medical Consultant
22	Respondent shall appear in person for interviews
23	with the Division's medical consultant upon request at various
24	intervals and with reasonable notice.
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The period of probation shall not run during the time respondent is residing or practicing outside the jurisdiction of California. If, during probation, respondent moves out of the jurisdiction of California to reside or practice elsewhere, respondent is required to immediately notify the Division in writing of the date of departure, and the date of return, if any.

(P) Completion of Probation

Upon successful completion of probation, respondent's certificate will be fully restored.

(Q) Violation of Probation

the Division, after giving respondent notice and the opportunity to be heard, may revoke probation and carry out the disciplinary order that was stayed. If an accusation or petition to revoke probation is filed against respondent during probation, the Division shall have continuing jurisdiction until the matter is final, and the period of probation shall be extended until the matter is final.

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1	12. The within stipulation shall be subject to the
2	approval of the Division. If the Division fails to approve this
3	stipulation, it shall be of no force or effect for either party.
4	DANIEL E. LUNGREN,
5	Attorney General ALFREDO TERRAZAS
6	Deputy Attorney General
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8	DATED: Sept 22, 1993 Allrodo Varragas
9	ALFREDO TERRAZAS Deputy Attorney General
10	Attorneys for Complainant
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13	I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have read this Stipulation for
14	Settlement in its entirety, that I fully understand the legal
15	significance and consequences thereof, that I fully understand
16	the terms of this Stipulation for Settlement, that it will result
17	in disciplinary action being imposed on my license to practice
18	medicine, that I voluntarily agree to the terms of this
19	Stipulation for Settlement, and IN AGREEMENT THEREOF, I affix my
20	signature this, day of, 1993, at
21	California.
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23	James Keith Burgard, M. P.
24	Respondent
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26	Approved as to form. Millimlace
27	MARVIN FIRESTONE, M.D., ESQ

1	DANIEL E. LUNGREN, Attorney General of the State of California
2	ALFREDO TERRAZAS
3	Deputy Attorney General 455 Golden Gate Avenue, Room 6200 San Francisco, California 94102-3658
4	Telephone: (415) 703-1971
5	Attorneys for Complainant
6	
7	BEFORE THE
8	MEDICAL BOARD OF CALIFORNIA DIVISION OF MEDICAL QUALITY DEPARTMENT OF CONSUMER AFFAIRS
9	STATE OF CALIFORNIA
10	
11	In the Matter of the Accusation) No. D-5024 Against:
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13	JAMES KEITH BURGARD, M.D. , <u>ACCUSATION</u> 714 Vista Del Mar ,) Aptos, California 95003)
14	License No. C-34368
15	Respondent.
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17	Kenneth J. Wagstaff, complainant herein, charges and
18	alleges as follows:
19	1. He is the Executive Director of the Medical Board
20	of California, Department of Consumer Affairs, State of
21	California (hereinafter the "Board") and makes these charges and
22	allegations solely in his official capacity.
23	2. At all times material herein, respondent James
24	Keith Burgard, M.D. (hereinafter "respondent") has held physician
25	and surgeon certificate number C-34368 which was issued to him by
26	the Board on or about July 12, 1972, and is in good standing at
27	the present time.

STATUTES

- Section 2001 of the Business and Professions Code $\frac{1}{2}$ 3. provides for the existence of the Board.
- Section 2003 of the code provides for the existence of the Division of Medical Quality (hereinafter referred to as the "division") within the Board.
- 5. Section 2004 of the code provides, inter alia, that the division is responsible for the administration and hearing of disciplinary actions involving enforcement of the Medical Practice Act (Section 2000, et seq.) and the carrying out of disciplinary action appropriate to findings made by a medical quality review committee, the division, or an administrative law judge with respect to the quality of medical practice carried out by physician and surgeon certificate holders.
- 6. Sections 2220, 2227 and 2234 of the code, together provide that the division shall take disciplinary action against the holder of a physician's and surgeon's certificate who is quilty of unprofessional conduct.
 - Section 2220 of the code provides that:

... except as otherwise provided by law, the Division of Medical Quality may take action against all persons guilty of violating this chapter. The division shall enforce and administer this article as to physician and surgeon certificate holders, and the division chapter for these purposes including, but not limited to: (a) Investing complaints from

the public, from other licensees,

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All statutory references are to the Business and Professions Code unless otherwise indicated.

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from health care facilities, or from a division of the board that a physician and surgeon may be guilty of unprofessional conduct.

- 8. Section 2227 of the code provides that a licensee whose matter has been heard by the Division of Medical Quality, by a medical quality review committee or a panel of such committee, or by an administrative law judge, or whose default has been entered, and who is found guilty may, in accordance with the provisions of this chapter:
- (a) Have his or her certificate revoked upon order of the division.
- (b) Have his or her right to practice suspended for a period not to exceed one year upon order of the division or a committee or panel thereof.
- (c) Be placed on probation upon order of the division or a committee or panel thereof.
- (d) Publicly reprimanded by the division or a committee or panel thereof.
- (e) Have such other action taken in relation to discipline as the division, a committee or panel thereof, or an administrative law judge may deem proper.
- 9. Section 2234 of the code provides, in relevant part, that the Division of Medical Quality shall take action against any licensee who is charged with unprofessional conduct. In addition to other provisions of this article, unprofessional conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (b) Gross negligence.

- (c) Repeated negligent acts.
- (d) Incompetence.
- 10. Business and Professions Code section 2236(a) provides that the conviction of any offense substantially related to the qualifications, functions, or duties of a physician or surgeon constitutes unprofessional conduct within the meaning of this chapter.

FIRST CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

11. On or about June 28, 1990, following a plea of nolo contendere, respondent was convicted of a violation of California Vehicle Code section 23152 (b), with a prior conviction, (Unlawfully driving a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol exceeding 0.08%, by weight), in the Municipal Court of Santa Cruz County Judicial District, Case Number 40-03122. As a result of said conviction, the imposition of sentence was suspended and respondent was placed on probation for a period of 60 months with conditions which included:

That he shall not drive a motor vehicle with any amount of alcohol in his system;

That his driving privilege would be restricted for twelve months in that he could only drive to, from and during work and to and from treatment at a Multiple Offense Drinking Driver Program;

That he perform 130 hours of volunteer service; That he be confined to jail for 48 hours; and That he pay a fine in the amount of \$1,340.

12. Respondent's conviction as alleged above in

paragraph 11 constitutes unprofessional conduct and is grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234(a) and 2236(a) in that it constitutes the conviction of a crime which is substantially related to the qualifications, functions or duties of a physician and surgeon..

SECOND CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

13. On or about January 24, 1985, respondent was convicted, following a plea of guilty, of a violation of California Vehicle Code section 23152 (a), (Unlawfully driving a vehicle while under the influence of alcohol) in the Municipal Court of Santa Cruz County Judicial District, Case Number 4-10362. In said case the imposition of sentence was suspended and respondent was placed on probation for 36 months with terms and conditions including:

That he complete a First Offender Drinking Driver Program;

That he be confined in County Jail for 48 hours;

That he could not drive with any measurable amount of alcohol in his system;

That he submit to a complete chemical test if arrested for driving under the influence; and

That he pay a fine in the amount of \$705.

14. Respondent's conduct as alleged above in paragraph 13 constitutes unprofessional conduct and is grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234(a) and 2236(a) in that it constitutes the conviction of a crime which is substantially related to the

Patient S. $Y.^{2l}$ was a 36 year old Gravida 2, Para 15. 1, woman who presented to Dr. Wolfe of Kaiser Santa Clara on March 14, 1985 with a history of secondary infertility. She had previously undergone tubal surgery for infertility in 1981 and had in 1982 delivered a full term infant. Dr. Wolfe referred the patient to respondent for an infertility evaluation. On May 30, 1985 patient S.Y. had a positive pregnancy test. During her office visit with Dr. Wolfe of July 17, 1985 the uterine size was less than anticipated and no fetal heart tones were detected. ultrasound that same day showed an empty gestational sac consistent with either a missed abortion or a less than 6 week gestation. The patient had a follow-up ultrasound examination on August 1, 1985 that confirmed a missed abortion. The patient wished a uterine evacuation as soon as possible and Dr. Wolfe discussed the case with respondent.

16. In caring for and treating said patient S. Y., respondent scheduled her for surgery, for a dilatation and curettage, for August 6, 1985. Respondent, in performing the surgery, erroneously performed a bilateral tubal ligation on said patient. Prior to said patient leaving the operating room, the error was discovered and respondent also performed the dilatation and curettage.

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^{2.} Initials are used herein and full names will be disclosed upon receipt of a request for discovery.

17. Respondent's conduct as alleged in paragraphs 15 and 16 of performing the wrong surgery on patient S.Y. constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and is therefore grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234(b) and (d).

FOURTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

- 18. Patient K.S. is a 38 year old Gravida 3, Para 3, woman who had undergone a total abdominal hysterectomy and right salpingoophorectomy in 1982. On or about August 20, 1987, respondent undertook to care for and treat patient K. S. for incapacitating pelvic pain. On said date, respondent proceeded to perform a mini laporotomy at which time he noted that there were adhesions of bowel to the vaginal cuff and to the left pelvic side wall as well as the ovary. Respondent then performed a left salpingectomy and adhesiolysis and the patient did well postoperatively and was discharged on August 24, 1987, pain free.
- 19. On or about March 28, 1989 patient K.S. called regarding pelvic pain and refused to see any physician other than respondent. Respondent saw patient K.S. on March 30, 1989 at which time an ultrasound examination was ordered because of a negative pelvic examination. The ultrasound revealed a cyst in the region of the left overy measuring 3.3 x 3 x 2.5 cm.
- 20. In caring for and treating said patient K. S., on or about April 17, 1989, respondent performed an examination under anesthesia and a laparotomy with left cophorectomy and lysis of adhesions. On April 20, 1989 patient K.S. was discharged from the hospital after an uncomplicated postoperative

course. On April 23, 1989, just 6 days following the surgery by respondent, patient K.S. presented to the Emergency Room and was diagnosed with a perforated sigmoid colon. The surgeon who performed the exploratory surgery noted that there was an "antimesenteric perforation of the sigmoid colon...adjacent to the area of the ligatures of the previous left cophorectomy done 6 days ago. There also appeared to be a stitch of the same suture at the level of the perforation,...There was liquid green/yellow stool draining from the defect."

21. Respondent's conduct as alleged in paragraphs 18, 19 and 20 constitutes negligence and/or incompetence and is therefore grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234 (c) and (d) in that in the course of performing surgery on patient K.S. on April 17, 1989, respondent placed a suture through the patient's colon which perforated the colon and necessitated subsequent emergency exploratory surgery and a diverting colostomy and Hartmann's pouch.

FIFTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

- 22. On or about May 30, 1988, respondent undertook to care for and treat patient J. A., a 19-year-old, Gravida 1, female, who was approximately 35 weeks pregnant who presented with complaints of decreased fetal movements.
- 23. Respondent ordered a NonStress Test (NST) which revealed a flat fetal heart rate baseline and no fetal movement as well as a late deceleration at 19:17 hours. Respondent then proceeded to order an Oxytocin Challenge Test (OCT) which was

initiated by Pitocin infusion at approximately 21:10 hours. baseline fetal heart rate (fhr) at this time was 140 beats per minute (bpm) and there was marked reduction in both short and long term beat to beat variability (btbv). Late decelerations were seen at 20:28-30, 21:12 and 21:16-17 hours. Respondent chose to discontinue the OCT at 22:15 hours. Respondent then prepared a written management plan to admit patient J.A. to Labor and Delivery, continue observation, repeat the OCT in the AM and obtain an ultrasound at that time. The fhr strip then reveals mild variable decelerations at 23:47, 23:53, 23:59, 00:02 and 00:44 hours. The baseline fhr dropped to 120 bpm at approximately 00:20 hours. There are late decelerations on the strip at 00:31 and 00:46 hours and the baseline fhr then dropped to less than 120 bpm at 00:58. At 01:22 hours, there appears to be an "agonal" fhr pattern consisting of a falling baseline fetal heart rate with repetitive late decelerations at 01:48, 01:52 and 01:59 hours. The baseline fhr then fell to 90 bpm at 02:00 and then 80 bpm prior to the patient being brought to the operating room by respondent. The patient then underwent an emergency cesarean section that produced a 6 pound male infant who could not be resuscitated. The neonatal hematocrit was found to 4.6% with the normal range being 50-70%.

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24. In caring for and treating patient J. A. as set forth in paragraphs 22 and 23, the fetal monitor tracings were profoundly abnormal and indicated severe progressive fetal distress. Respondent failed to recognize that the implications of the monitor tracing patterns required immediate intervention.

Respondent ordered continued observation of the patient for several hours after the abnormal monitor tracings appeared and the patient later underwent an emergency Caesarean section that produced a six-pound male infant who could not be resuscitated.

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25. Respondent's conduct as alleged in paragraphs 22, 23 and 24 constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and is therefore grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234(b), and (d).

SIXTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

26. On or about June 11, 1989, respondent undertook to care for and treat patient M. H., a 36 year old Gravida 4, Para 1, SAB 2, female who was admitted for symptoms consistent with a small bowel obstruction. Patient M. H. was at the time approximately 29 weeks pregnant and was known to have hyperthyroidism (Grave's Disease) and was being treated with PTU in consultation with perinatologists. NSTs performed on admission and 24 hours later revealed a healthy and reactive fetus. The patient was noted to have occasional uterine contractions on June 15, 1989 and although there was no cervical change her risk for preterm labor was felt to be significant enough to warrant tocolysis. Despite the uterine contractions, the patient continued to have a normal fetal heart rate tracing. On June 17, 1989 the patient's condition was felt not to be improving and she underwent an exploratory laparotomy and release of a small bowel obstruction. Post-op, in the Intensive Care Unit, she was noted to have a late deceleration at 16:44-45 hours. Also noted as of 20:20 hours was a decreased fhr btbv.

At 20:29 there was a late deceleration lasting 1 minute and a moderate variable deceleration (to 90 bpm) was noted at 20:31 hours. At 21:43 there is a fetal bradycardia to 70 bpm and at 21:48 another bradycardia to 80 bpm. This was followed by repetitive late decelerations with absent beat to beat variability every 2 minutes. There is an "agonal" pattern that lasts for several minutes recovering at 23:17 until 23:39 hours. Again, there are repetitive late decelerations until 02:10 when the fhr recovers without btbv and a fhr of 120 bpm. decelerations continue to occur irregularly from then on and then repetitively every three to four minutes from 05:30 until 06:25 The fhr tracing is lost from 09:00 to 09:40 hours and is followed by profound late decelerations with every uterine contraction after 10:00 hours until delivery via cesarean section. A 30 week male infant was delivered with APGARS of 0, 1, and 4 at 1, 5 and 10 minutes, respectively. The arterial blood gas at delivery revealed a ph of 6.67, profound acidosis. The neonate did poorly and died at less than 48 hours of age from asphyxial complications.

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27. In caring for and treating patient M. H. during said time, post-operatively in the intensive care unit the fetal monitor tracings were profoundly abnormal and indicated severe and progressive fetal distress. Respondent failed to recognize and act on the implications of the monitor tracing patterns in a timely fashion and ignored multiple requests from the nursing staff regarding the status of the fetus. A male infant was born with profound acidosis and died at less than 48 hours of age from

asphyxial complications.

28. Respondent's conduct as alleged in paragraphs 26 and 27 constitutes gross negligence and/or incompetence and is grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code sections 2234(b), and (d).

SEVENTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

- 29. The allegations of the sixth cause for disciplinary action are hereby incorporated as if fully set forth in these words.
- 30. In caring for and treating patient M. H. during said time, said patient underwent exploratory laparotomy and release of a small bowel obstruction on or about June 17, 1989. Post-operatively, while patient M. H. was in the intensive care unit, the respondent verbally ordered increases and decreases in fluid infusions and tocolytics without attention to the clinical status of the said patient by either lung exam or I and O's. The patient was found to have pulmonary edema, secondary to fluid overload which necessitated intubation and ventilation of the patient for several days.
- 31. Respondent's conduct as alleged in paragraphs 29 and 30 constitutes negligence and/or incompetence and is grounds for disciplinary action pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 2234(c) and (d).

EIGHTH CAUSE FOR DISCIPLINARY ACTION

32. Complainant incorporates herein by reference as though fully set forth above the allegations of unprofessional conduct as alleged in the third cause for disciplinary action,

1	the fourth cause for disciplinary action, the fifth cause for
2	disciplinary action, the sixth cause for disciplinary action, and
3	the seventh cause for disciplinary action. In each of these
4	causes for disciplinary action, separately and severally,
5	respondent was negligent in the care and treatment of patients he
6	was treating as a medical doctor.
7	33. Respondent's conduct as set forth above in
8	paragraph 32 constitutes unprofessional conduct and repeated
9	negligent acts in violation of Business and Professions Code
10	section 2234(c) and is cause for disciplinary action.
11	WHEREFORE, complainant prays that the Board hold a
12	hearing on the matters alleged herein and following said hearing
13	issue a decision revoking physician and surgeon number C-34368
14	issued to James Keith Burgard, M.D. and taking such further
15	action as the Board deems just and proper.
16	DATED: November 6, 1992
17	Vi
18	KENNETH (. WAGSTAFF, Executive Director
19	Medical Foard of California Division of Medical Quality
20	State of California
21	Complainant
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